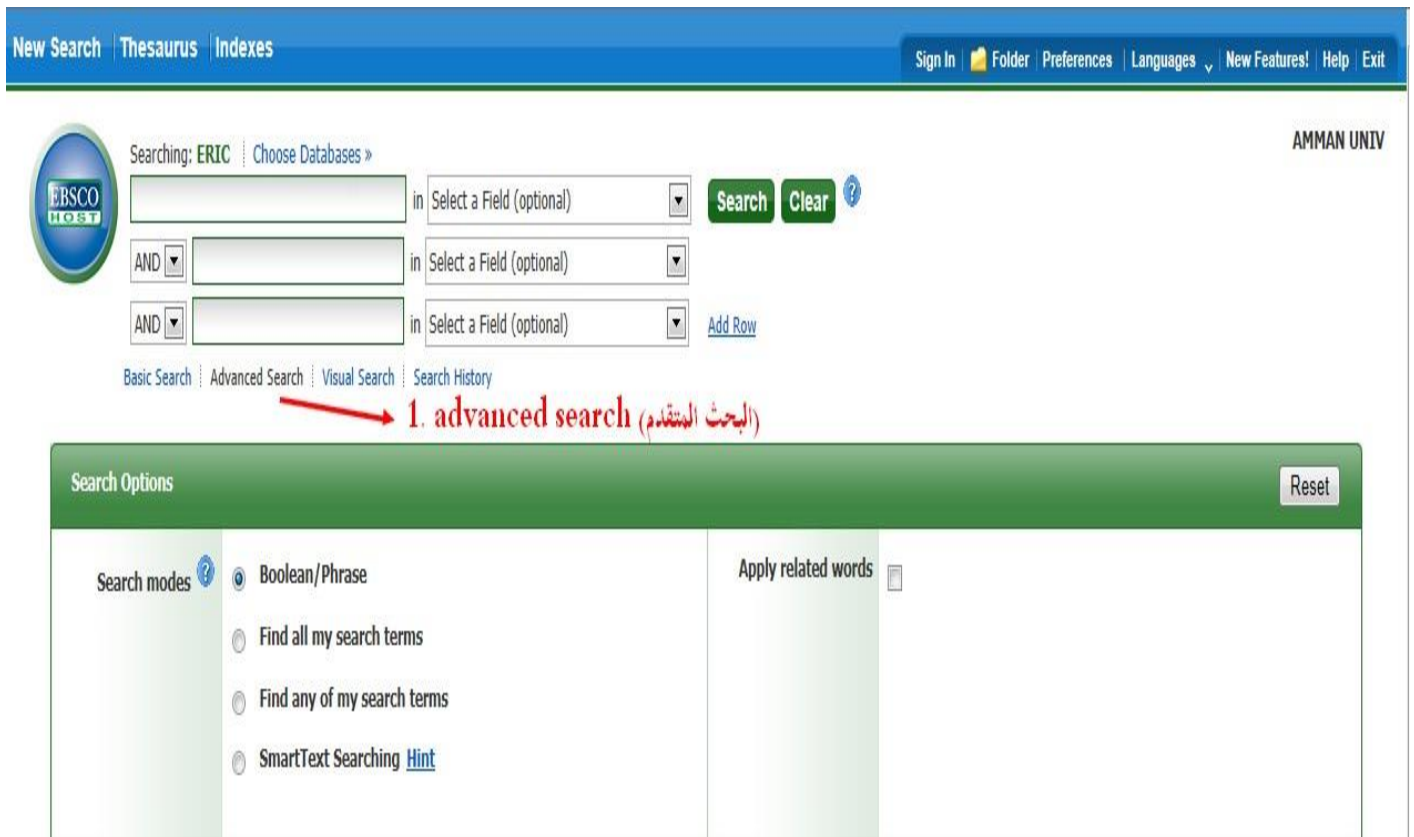


EBSCOHOST SEARCH

- يقدم موقع EBSCOHOST مجموعة كبيرة من الصفات البحثية وذلك عن طريق استخدام البحث المتقدم ، ويتم التحكم في نتائج البحث عن طريق المحددات مثل التحديد بالمؤلف أو بالموضوع أو باسم المجلة أو بالتاريخ، مع إتاحة النص الكامل لها.

*** لاستخدام البحث المتقدم:**

1. اضغط على رابط البحث المتقدم تحت حقل البحث.



The screenshot shows the EBSCOHOST search interface. At the top, there are navigation links: "New Search", "Thesaurus", "Indexes", "Sign In", "Folder", "Preferences", "Languages", "New Features!", "Help", and "Exit". The main search area includes a search bar, a dropdown menu for "Select a Field (optional)", and "Search" and "Clear" buttons. Below the search bar, there are three rows of search criteria, each with a dropdown menu for "Select a Field (optional)" and an "AND" dropdown. An "Add Row" link is also present. At the bottom, there are search options: "Basic Search", "Advanced Search", "Visual Search", and "Search History". A red arrow points to the "Advanced Search" link, which is labeled "1. advanced search (البحث المتقدم)".

Searching: ERIC | Choose Databases »

AMMAN UNIV

Search Options

Search modes ?

- Boolean/Phrase
- Find all my search terms
- Find any of my search terms
- SmartText Searching [Hint](#)

Apply related words

Reset

2. أدخل شروط البحث الخاصة بك في مجال البحث الأول على شاشة البحث المتقدم.



The screenshot shows the EBSCO search interface. At the top, there are navigation links: "New Search", "Thesaurus", and "Indexes". Below this, the search criteria are entered: "global warming" in the "TI Title" field. A dropdown menu is open, showing various search fields such as "TI Title", "TX All Text", "AU Author", "IN Institution and Sponsoring Agency", etc. The "TI Title" field is selected. There are "Search" and "Clear" buttons. Below the search criteria, there are "Search Options" and "Limit your results" sections. The "Search modes" section has radio buttons for "Boolean/Phrase", "Find all my search terms", "Find any of my search terms", and "SmartText Searching". The "Limit your results" section has a checkbox for "Full Text".

3. من الممكن للباحث أن يتوسع في عملية البحث، مثل:

- البحث عن طريق استخدام **(AND, OR, NOT)** من أجل توسيع أو تقريب نتيجة البحث.

New Search | Thesaurus | Indexes




The screenshot shows the EBSCO search interface. At the top, there are navigation links: "New Search", "Thesaurus", and "Indexes". Below this, the search criteria are entered: "global warming" in the "TI Title" field and "global warming effects" in the "TX All Text" field. There are "Search" and "Clear" buttons. Below the search criteria, there are "Search Options" and "Limit your results" sections. The "Search modes" section has radio buttons for "Boolean/Phrase", "Find all my search terms", "Find any of my search terms", and "SmartText Searching". The "Limit your results" section has a checkbox for "Full Text".

لتوسيع البحث وتقييده **AND, OR, NOT**



دائرة المكتبة

- يكون البحث أيضا من خلال النص الكامل للمقالات ويقوم الباحث بتوسيع نتيجة البحث عن طريق إيجاد شروط من خلال النص الكامل لهذه المقالات، وكذلك بإضافة الكلمات المترادفة أو الجمع بين هذه الكلمات.

Search Options	
Search modes  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Boolean/Phrase <input type="radio"/> Find all my search terms <input type="radio"/> Find any of my search terms <input type="radio"/> SmartText Searching Hint 	Apply related words <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1. Apply related words
Limit your results	
Full Text <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2. Full Text نقوم باختيار النص الكامل	Available on microfiche <input type="checkbox"/>
Peer Reviewed <input type="checkbox"/>	Journal Name <input type="text"/>
	Date Published from Month <input type="text"/> Year: <input type="text"/> to Month <input type="text"/> Year: <input type="text"/>

4. الخطوة الأخيرة نقوم بالضغط على Search فى نهاية الصفحة حيث ستظهر النتائج بهذا الشكل. حيث يحتوى على ملف PDF لمشاهدة النص كاملاً.

New Search | Thesaurus | Indexes Sign In | Folder | Preferences | Languages | New Features! | Help

AMMAN

Searching: ERIC | Choose Databases »

global warming in TI Title

AND global warming effects in TX All Text

AND in Select a Field (optional)

Basic Search | Advanced Search | Visual Search | Search History

Search History/Alerts

Print Search History | Retrieve Searches | Retrieve Alerts | Save Searches / Alerts

Select / deselect all

Search ID#	Search Terms	Search Options	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/> S1	TI global warming AND TX global warming effects	Limiters - Full Text Expanders - Apply related words Search modes - Boolean/Phrase	<input type="button" value="View Results (2)"/> <input type="button" value="View Details"/> <input type="button" value="Edit"/>


Page: 1 Relevance Sort | Page Options | Alert / Save / Share

2 Results for...

Refine your results


Full Text
 Available on microfiche
 Peer Reviewed

1996 Publication Date 2011

-  **The Effects of Instruction with Visual Materials on the Development of Preservice Elementary Teachers' Knowledge and Attitude towards Global Warming**

. By: Bozdogan, Aykut Emre. Turkish Online Journal of Educational Technology - TOJET, v10 n2 p218-233 Apr 2011. (EJ932241)
Full Text from ERIC

Subjects: Foreign Countries; Experimental Groups; Control Groups; Preservice Teachers; Quasiexperimental Design; Interviews; Climate; Misconceptions; Student Attitudes; Environmental Education; Preservice Teacher Education; Visual Aids; Elementary School Teachers; Attitude Measures; Attitude Change; Multimedia Instruction; Educational Technology; Pretests Posttests; Instructional Effectiveness; Educational Strategies; Teacher Attitudes

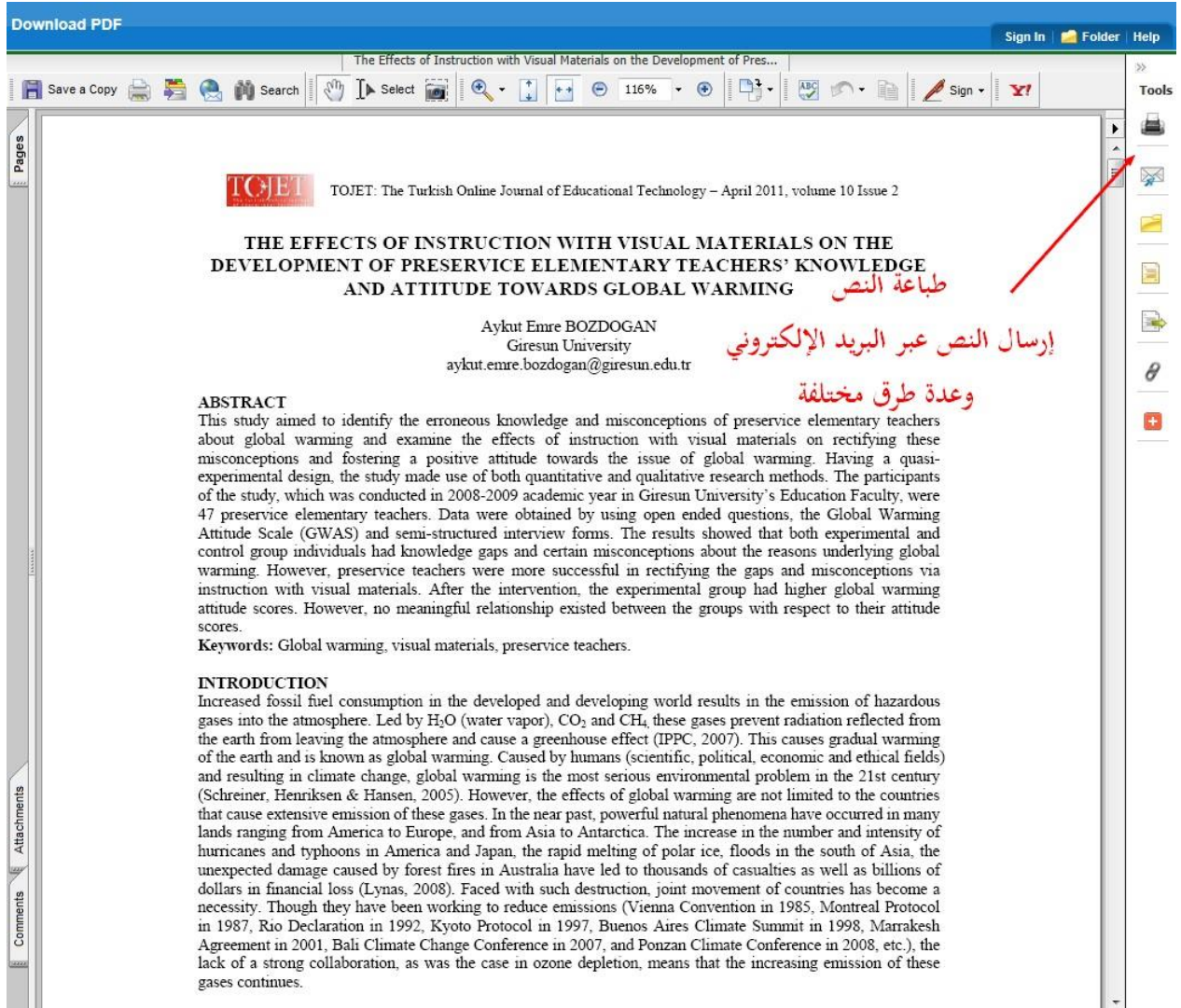
Database: ERIC
-  **The Relationship of College Student Perceptions of Global Warming to Nine Demographic Variables.**

. By: Groves, Fred H.; Pugh, Ava F.. 1996 13 pp. (ED394819)
Full Text from ERIC

رابط لمشاهدة الموضوع كاملاً PDF

النتائج

5- بعد ظهور النتائج يمكننا الدخول على PDF Full Text حيث نستطيع حفظ النص بعدة طرق.



Download PDF Sign In Folder Help

The Effects of Instruction with Visual Materials on the Development of Pres...

Save a Copy Search Select 116% Sign

TOJET TOJET: The Turkish Online Journal of Educational Technology – April 2011, volume 10 Issue 2

THE EFFECTS OF INSTRUCTION WITH VISUAL MATERIALS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF PRESERVICE ELEMENTARY TEACHERS' KNOWLEDGE AND ATTITUDE TOWARDS GLOBAL WARMING طباعة النص

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ABSTRACT وعدة طرق مختلفة
This study aimed to identify the erroneous knowledge and misconceptions of preservice elementary teachers about global warming and examine the effects of instruction with visual materials on rectifying these misconceptions and fostering a positive attitude towards the issue of global warming. Having a quasi-experimental design, the study made use of both quantitative and qualitative research methods. The participants of the study, which was conducted in 2008-2009 academic year in Giresun University's Education Faculty, were 47 preservice elementary teachers. Data were obtained by using open ended questions, the Global Warming Attitude Scale (GWAS) and semi-structured interview forms. The results showed that both experimental and control group individuals had knowledge gaps and certain misconceptions about the reasons underlying global warming. However, preservice teachers were more successful in rectifying the gaps and misconceptions via instruction with visual materials. After the intervention, the experimental group had higher global warming attitude scores. However, no meaningful relationship existed between the groups with respect to their attitude scores.

Keywords: Global warming, visual materials, preservice teachers.

INTRODUCTION
Increased fossil fuel consumption in the developed and developing world results in the emission of hazardous gases into the atmosphere. Led by H₂O (water vapor), CO₂ and CH₄, these gases prevent radiation reflected from the earth from leaving the atmosphere and cause a greenhouse effect (IPPC, 2007). This causes gradual warming of the earth and is known as global warming. Caused by humans (scientific, political, economic and ethical fields) and resulting in climate change, global warming is the most serious environmental problem in the 21st century (Schreiner, Henriksen & Hansen, 2005). However, the effects of global warming are not limited to the countries that cause extensive emission of these gases. In the near past, powerful natural phenomena have occurred in many lands ranging from America to Europe, and from Asia to Antarctica. The increase in the number and intensity of hurricanes and typhoons in America and Japan, the rapid melting of polar ice, floods in the south of Asia, the unexpected damage caused by forest fires in Australia have led to thousands of casualties as well as billions of dollars in financial loss (Lynas, 2008). Faced with such destruction, joint movement of countries has become a necessity. Though they have been working to reduce emissions (Vienna Convention in 1985, Montreal Protocol in 1987, Rio Declaration in 1992, Kyoto Protocol in 1997, Buenos Aires Climate Summit in 1998, Marrakesh Agreement in 2001, Bali Climate Change Conference in 2007, and Ponzan Climate Conference in 2008, etc.), the lack of a strong collaboration, as was the case in ozone depletion, means that the increasing emission of these gases continues.